## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

Claims 1-16 (Canceled)

- 17. (New) A method of extracting a radial velocity characteristic of a target from one or more coherent radiation pulse bursts comprising the steps of:
  - (a) receiving radiation echo returns of the pulse bursts from a remote scene;
  - (b) processing the echo returns into in-phase (I) and quadrature (Q) components;
  - (c) measuring returns at intervals to provide sampled data;
  - (d) applying a predetermined function to the I-Q returns;
  - (e) modifying the predetermined function to match the sampled data as a function of velocity; and
  - (f) determining the target radial velocity in dependence upon said modification step of the predetermined function.

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- 18. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 17 wherein step (d) comprises fitting a curve to the I-Q returns and step (e) comprises optimising the fit to the sampled data as a function of velocity in a least squares fashion.
- 19. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 18 wherein a model of clutter return is provided for use in steps (d) and (e).
- 20. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 19 wherein the model of clutter return is a low order polynomial function in I and Q.
- 21. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 17 further comprising the step of extracting target amplitude from the sampled data.
- 22. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 17 further comprising the step of extracting range ambiguity from the sampled data.
- 23. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 17 further comprising the step of extracting target azimuth from the sampled data.
- 24. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 20 wherein the echo returns are measured at non-equi-spaced intervals.

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- 25. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 24 wherein the pulse bursts are transmitted at a frequency which is changed between successive pulses.
- 26. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 24 wherein each pulse burst consists of multiple pulses transmitted at irregular intervals.
- 27. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 24 wherein the pulse bursts are internally coherent but mutually incoherent.
- 28. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 17 further comprising the step of carrying out conventional Moving Target Indication/Moving Target Detection filtering and target detection before applying a predetermined function, as in step (d), to the I-Q returns in which a target was detected.
- 29. (New) A microprocessor programmed to carry out the method of Claim 17.
- 30. (New) A program element comprising program code operable to carry out a method as claimed in Claim 17.
- 31. (New) The program element of Claim 30 on a carrier medium.

- 32. (New) A data processing system adapted and arranged to carry out a method as claimed in Claim 17 comprising:
  - (g) a transmitter;
  - (h) a receiver;
  - (i) an I and Q component splitter;
  - (j) an analog-to-digital converter, and
  - (k) processing means to fit a predetermined function to I and Q components according to steps (d) and (e).
- 33. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 17 wherein a model of clutter return is provided for use in steps (d) and (e).
- 34. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 33 wherein the pulse bursts are transmitted at a frequency which is changed between successive pulses.
- 35. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 33 wherein each pulse burst consists of multiple pulses transmitted at irregular intervals.
- 36. (New) A method as claimed in Claim 33 wherein the pulse bursts are internally coherent but mutually incoherent.